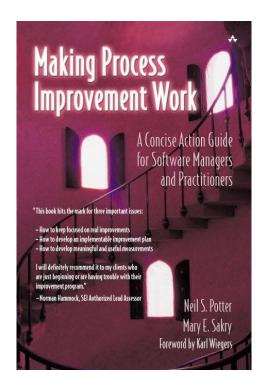
# Revisions of Appendices B and E for the book, Making Process Improvement Work, by Neil Potter and Mary Sakry

CMMI Development V2.0 Mapping



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## Revision of Appendix B – Mapping goals and problems to CMMI (v2.0)

Goal: Reduce release cycle to 6- to 9-months for product X						
Problem	CMMI V2.0 Practices that would help					
Changing requirements.	CONFIGURATION MANAGEMENT (CM)					
	2.2: Develop, keep updated, and use a configuration and change management system.					
	2.3: Develop or release baselines for internal use or for delivery to the customer.					
	2.4: Manage changes to the items under configuration management.					
	REQUIREMENTS DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT (RDM)					
	2.5: Develop, record, and maintain bidirectional traceability among requirements and activities or work products.					
	2.6: Ensure that plans and activities or work products remain consistent with requirements.					
2. Loss of resources  – difficult to	PLANNING (PLAN)					
replace people with specialized skills who leave the project.	2.2: Plan for the knowledge and skills needed to perform the work.					
	MONITOR AND CONTROL (MC)					
	2.4: Take corrective actions when actual results differ significantly from planned results and manage to closure.					
	RISK AND OPPORTUNITY MANAGEMENT (RSK)					
	2.1: Analyze identified risks or opportunities.					
	2.2: Monitor identified risks or opportunities and communicate status to affected stakeholders.					
	ORGANIZATIONAL TRAINING (OT)					

- 2.1: Identify training needs.
- 2.2: Train personnel and keep records.
- 3.1: Develop and keep updated the organization's strategic and short-term training needs.
- 3.2: Coordinate training needs and delivery between the projects and the organization.
- 3.4: Develop, keep updated, and use a training capability to address organizational training needs.
- 3. Too many features for the 6- to 9-month development cycle.

#### ESTIMATING (EST)

- 2.1: Develop, keep updated, and use the scope of what is being estimated.
- 2.2: Develop and keep updated estimates for the size of the solution.
- 2.3: Based on size estimates, develop and record effort, duration, and cost estimates and their rationale for the solution.

#### PLANNING (PLAN)

- 2.1: Develop and keep updated the approach for accomplishing the work.
- 2.3: Based on recorded estimates, develop and keep updated the budget and schedule.
- 2.6: Ensure plans are feasible by reconciling available and estimated resources.
- 2.7: Develop the project plan, ensure consistency among its elements, and keep it updated.
- 2.8: Review plans and obtain commitments from affected stakeholders.

#### RISK AND OPPORTUNITY MANAGEMENT (RSK)

- 2.1: Analyze identified risks or opportunities.
- 2.2: Monitor identified risks or opportunities and communicate status to affected stakeholders.

	REQUIREMENTS DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT (RDM)				
	3.5: Ensure that requirements are necessary and sufficient.				
	3.6: Balance stakeholder needs and constraints.				
4 Door quality of					
4. Poor quality of incoming code from other groups.	PLANNING (PLAN)				
	3.3: Identify and negotiate critical dependencies.				
	MONITOR AND CONTROL (MC)				
	3.2: Manage critical dependencies and activities.				
	PEER REVIEWS (PR)				
	2.3: Prepare and perform peer reviews on selected work products using established procedures.				
	VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION (VV)				
	2.1: Select components and methods for verification and validation.				
	1.1: Perform verification to ensure the requirements are implemented and record and communicate results.				
	1.2: Perform validation to ensure the solution will function as intended in its target environment and record and communicate results.				
	3.1: Develop, keep updated, and use criteria for verification and validation.				
	PRODUCT INTEGRATION (PI)				
	3.1: Review and keep updated interface or connection descriptions for coverage, completeness, and consistency throughout the solution's life.				
5. Inadequate availability of test	GOVERNANCE (GOV)				
equipment.	2.2: Senior management ensures resources are provided for developing, supporting, performing, improving, and evaluating adherence to expected processes.				

	VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION (VV)				
	2.2: Develop, keep updated, and use the environment needed to support verification and validation.				
	PLANNING (PLAN)				
	2.3: Based on recorded estimates, develop and keep updated the budget and schedule.				
	2.7: Develop the project plan, ensure consistency among its elements, and keep it updated.				
6. Lack of visibility within each life-cycle phase – it is difficult to know how much we are ahead or behind schedule.	ESTIMATING (EST)				
	2.1: Develop, keep updated, and use the scope of what is being estimated.				
	2.2: Develop and keep updated estimates for the size of the solution.				
	2.3: Based on size estimates, develop and record effort, duration, and cost estimates and their rationale for the solution.				
	PLANNING (PLAN)				
	2.3: Based on recorded estimates, develop and keep updated the budget and schedule.				
	2.4: Plan the involvement of identified stakeholders.				
	2.7: Develop the project plan, ensure consistency among its elements, and keep it updated.				
	MONITOR AND CONTROL (MC)				
	2.1: Track actual results against estimates for size, effort, schedule, resources, knowledge and skills, and budget.				
	2.2: Track the involvement of identified stakeholders and commitments.				
	2.4: Take corrective actions when actual results differ significantly from planned results and manage to closure.				
7. Don't always have the resources	PLANNING (PLAN)				

# available to 2.1: Develop and keep updated the approach for accomplishing complete the the work. planned work. 2.3: Based on recorded estimates, develop and keep updated the budget and schedule. 2.4: Plan the involvement of identified stakeholders. 2.6: Ensure plans are feasible by reconciling available and estimated resources. 2.7: Develop the project plan, ensure consistency among its elements, and keep it updated. 2.8: Review plans and obtain commitments from affected stakeholders. RISK AND OPPORTUNITY MANAGEMENT (RSK) 2.1: Analyze identified risks or opportunities. 2.2: Monitor identified risks or opportunities and communicate status to affected stakeholders. 8. Difficult to find PEER REVIEWS (PR) defects early. 2.3: Prepare and perform peer reviews on selected work products using established procedures. 2.4: Resolve issues identified in peer reviews. VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION (VV) 2.1: Select components and methods for verification and validation. 1.1: Perform verification to ensure the requirements are implemented and record and communicate results. 1.2: Perform validation to ensure the solution will function as intended in its target environment and record and communicate results. 3.1: Develop, keep updated, and use criteria for verification and validation.

- 2.2: Develop, keep updated, and use the environment needed to support verification and validation.
- 2.3: Develop, keep updated, and follow procedures for verification and validation.

### Revision of Appendix E – Summary of CMM V2.0

In March 2018, a new version of the Capability Maturity Model Integration (CMMI) and appraisal method were released.

The overall focus in V2.0 has been to drive home the point that the model is about improving organizational capability to improve performance for any type of project (Agile, Waterfall, or a hybrid). The figure below shows the new structure of the model.

Practice Area	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
Causal Analysis and Resolution (CAR)					
Decision Analysis and Resolution (DAR)					
Risk and Opportunity Management (RSK)					
Organizational Training (OT)					
Process Management (PCM)					
Process Asset Development (PAD)					
Peer Reviews (PR)					
Verification and Validation (VV)					
Technical Solution (TS)					
Product Integration (PI)					
Supplier Agreement Management (SAM)					
Managing Performance & Measurement (MPM)					
Process Quality Assurance (PQA)					
Configuration Management (CM)				7	
Monitor and Control (MC)					
Planning (PLAN)					
Estimating (EST)					
Requirements Development & Management (RDM)					
Governance (GOV)					
Implementation Infrastructure (II)					

Here is our (unofficial) summary comparison of the two models.

Full image at <a href="http://processgroup.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/07/CMMIV13-VS-20.ipg">http://processgroup.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/07/CMMIV13-VS-20.ipg</a>





CMMI Development V1.3

CMMI Development V2.0 - Simple View

#### Links for more details

The Process Group's summary of CMMI V2.0 changes:

http://processgroup.com/improving-capability-and-performance-with-cmmi-v2-0-what-has-changed/

#### **Full model text**

- The full model text is available for purchase in PDF or Viewer form at <a href="mailto:cmm/model-viewer/">cmmiinstitute.com/model-viewer/</a>. The annual Viewer license includes updates as they are published. The one-time PDF purchase does not.
- CMMI V2.0 Quick Reference Guide
- CMMI V2.0 Adoption and Transition Guidance
- CMMI V2.0 to V1.3 Practice Mapping

Chinese versions are also available